VOL. LI-NO.

NO REDUCTION OF FORCE.

AGUINALDO SAYS HIS COUNTRY HAS

WEEKLY ESTABLISHED 1823. DAILY ESTABLISHED 1850.

He Issues an Address to Filipinos Urging Them to Accept United States Sovereignty.

HAD ENOUGH WAR.

HAS FAITH IN THE FUTURE

THINKS THE PEOPLE WILL ENJOY BLESSINGS OF LIBERTY,

If They Will Repose Their Trust i the Promises of the Great American Republic.

HE ORDERS RELEASE OF ONE THOU-SAND INSURGENT PRISONERS,

Is an Important Step Toward Complete Pacification.

MANILA, April 19 .- Following is Aguinal- States. do's address to the Filipino people, published this evening:

that the unhappy fate to which my adverse | men who had been deported by the milifortune has led me is not a surprise to tary authorities. Among them was Santhose who have been familiar with the tiago Maceo, a son of the late Cuban leadprogress of the war. The lessons taught | er, Antonio Maceo. While in the Philipwith a full meaning, and which have re- pines Maceo became a first sergeant of the cently come to my knowledge, suggest with | Macabebe scouts. He was accused of givirresistible force that a complete termina- ing information to the Filipino troops and tion of hostilities and lasting peace are | was dismissed from the army, and because not only desirable, but absolutely essential of the supposed menace of his presence to the welfare of the Philippine islands.

"The Filipinos have never been dismayed | his deportation. at their weakness, nor have they faltered in following the path pointed out by their fortitude and courage. The time has come, however, in which they find their advance along this path to be impeded by an irre sistible force, which, while it restrains them, yet enlightens their minds and opens Grant. The vessel also brought Company to them another course, presenting them the cause of peace. This cause has been 123 sick soldiers and eighty cabin passenjoyfully embraced by the majority of my fellow-countrymen, who have already united around the glorious sovereign banner of the United States. In this banner they repose their trust and belief that under its protection the Filipino people will attain all those promised liberties which they are beginning to enjoy. The country has declared unmistakally in favor of peace. So be it. There has been enough blood, enough tears and enough desolation. This wish cannot be ignored by the men still in arms if they are animated by a desire to serve our noble people, which has thus clearly manifested its will. So do I respect this will, now that it is known to

"After mature deliberation I resolutely proclaim to the world that I cannot refuse to heed the voice of a people longing for peace nor the lamentations of thousands of families yearning to see their dear ones enjoying the liberty and the promised generosity of the great American Nation.

"By acknowledging and accepting the sovereignty of the United States throughout the Philippine archipelago, as I now do and without any reservation whatsoever, I be lieve that I am serving thee, my beloved country. May happiness be thine."

To signalize this important step in the pacification of the country General Mac-Arthur orders the release, on swearing al legiance to the United States, of one thou sand insurgent prisoners.

General MacArthur and General Bates, the commander of the Department of South ern Luzon, who is shortly to sail for the United States, reviewed to-day the Fortyfifth and Forty-sixth Volunteer Infantry, which will sail for home on the transport Sheridan on Monday next.

surrendered.

The extent of the commissary irregularities is not yet defined, but is possibly smaller than at first supposed.

The Administration Pleased.

WASHINGTON, April 19 .- It is believed by the administration that the manifesto of Aguinaldo will have a decidedly good effect both in the Philippines and in this country. It will take some time for its dissemination among the Filipinos, but it is to be of considerable service and to make more rapid the improvement in the situation which set in some time ago and has become quite marked of late. Especial gratification is felt at the unreserved tone of the document and the full acceptance it indicates of American rule. This, it is felt, will bring to the support of the govpeace, have hesitated to assist the Taft general policy of the war in the islands and more consideration of the important full armed. matter of the best administration to be evolved for their government. It is to this work that the Taft commission is now bending all its energies. Aguinaldo, now that he has accepted American sovereignty, probably will be given considerably more liberty than he has enjoyed hitherto. His services will be used as far as possible in the pacification of the islands. The exted his freedom is for General MacArthur to determine, with the assistance of the Taft commission, for the aim of the goverament here will be to rest largely upon

Coincident with the issue of the manifesto at Manila Secretary Root made pub-April and differs slightly in phraseology from that made public in Manila. General MacArthur informed the department at

the views held by its representatives in

War Department Will Await Advices from General Chaffee.

WASHINGTON, April 19 .- Adjutant General Corbin authorizes the statement that no material changes will be made in the army in the Philippines until after the War fee on the subject. In accordance with orders previously issued General Chaffee will relieve General MacArthur of the command of the military forces in the Philippines on June 30, and the present expectation is that a general civil government will be estab- NO lished in the archipelago about that time. General Corbin says that recent developments in the Philippines have caused no change in the general plans of the depart- PROPOSED CAMPAIGN ABANDONED ment for the dispatch of regular troops from the United States to replace the volunteers ordered home for discharge before July 1 next. General Corbin gives an emphatic denial to the published reports that General MacArthur has been instructed to reduce the army immediatelyy to 40,000

With a view to relieving all the regular troops who have had a long period of service in the Philippines the secretary of war ACTION OF GEN. MACARTHUR has decided to replace them as rapidly as FOREIGN ENVOYS MYSTIFIED circumstances will permit with the new regiments now in course of organization in this country. A plan has been adopted by which the troops will be given one year's service in the United States and two years in the Philippines. Its operation will result in each regiment always having one battalion in reserve in the United States. The Believing that Aguinaldo's Address regular troops in the Philippines will be brought home gradually and the movement will begin as soon as the necessary arrangements can be perfected. The troops having the longest service in the tropics will be the first to return to the United

Deported Filipinos.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19 .- The trans-"I believe I am not in error in presuming | port Rosecrans brought from Manila five in the island General MacArthur ordered

Arrival of More Volunteers.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 19 .- The Twenty-ninth and Thirty-second regiments, United States Volunteers, arrived here today from the Philippines on the transport | from China. F, of the Twenty-sixth Volunteer Infantry gers. In all there are 1,700 soldiers on Gen. Loessel's Expedition Started Be-

LONDON SPECTATOR DISCUSSES PROSPECTIVE COMBINATION.

An Ailiance Against the Progressive and Commercially Aggressive United States.

LONDON, April 19 .- The Spectator to morrow will discuss "The Continent and America," taking as a text a portion of an interview with Admiral Count Canevaro, at Toulon, which the Spectator believes has not attracted the attention it deserves. Admiral Canevaro, in concluding his utterances regarding the triple and dual alliances having given Europe thirty years of European nations to consider the possibility and necessity of uniting against America, Africa and Asia as the future of civilization will require them to do so.'

rash outburst of the "man in the street," for Admiral Canevaro has been Italian minister of foreign affairs. "His utterance," the Spectator will say, "corresponds exactly with that of Count Goluchowski (Austro-Hungarian foreign minister), and with all the recent trend of affairs. The which is very deep, is based on three reasons, the first being the dread, or rather America is nearly impossible, her wealth During the past week 288 rifles have been | and energy being too great. Both are employed, the continent thinks, to monopolize trade, and so to control in the end all the wealth of the world, an idea not without advocates even among ourselves." The Spectator mentions the giant trusts and protection and refers to the Americans as "not scrupling to commence quick and

severe reprisals if European governments fence them off with tariffs." "The second reason," the article will say "is that America is sadly in the way in Asia. The whole action of the Washington government in the Chinese muddle points to the conclusion that, although the Americans took the Philippines, they are not willing to see any but native powers in control of the richest countries of Asia."

The third reason is America's attitude in South America. She will neither take it nor let anybody else. "The total result is a bitter dislike of America, mixed with dread. Our object is only to awaken the Americans from an illusion to induce them to increase their fleet and to persuade them to think steadily out what they are doing. They may rely upon it that the continent will lose nothing by want of planning, and that when the alliance against America of which Admiral Canevaro talks is transmuted into facts it will be full grown and good health. The remains of General

PROBING THE PATRICK CASE. Grand Jury Examines Several Wit-

nesses, Including J. R. Potts.

NEW YORK, April 19 .- The grand jury esumed its consideration, to-day, of the charge of murder against Albert T. Patrick, who is accused of having caused the death of William M. Rice. The principal witness of the day was Charles F. Jones, the former valet and secretary of the dead Swenson & Sons, bankers, Professor Witthaus and John R. Potts, a friend of Fatrick. Potts is a new witness. He testified that, on the day following the death of Aguinalde, with the assistance | nue Trust Company. Potts deposited it in Patrick, but he said to-day that he had him at the time he was captured. Secretary taken the check out since and handed it to Reot declined to be interviewed on the sub- the administrator of the Rice estate.

CHINESE DETERMINED TO AVOID CONFLICT WITH THE ALLIES.

Department has heard from General Chaf- All the Troops at Huai-Lu Ordered by Imperial Decree to Withdraw Outside the Great Wall.

> EXPEDITION PUNITIVE

BY GENERAL WALDERSEE.

France Preparing to Transport Ten Thousand Soldiers Home from the Far East.

DID NOT UNDERSTAND WALDER-SEE'S MILITARY ACTIVITY.

Part of the German Force En Route to the Mountain Passes Before the Decree Was Issued.

PEKING, April 19.-In consequence of strong representations to the Chinese government an imperial decree, dated April 16, has been issued, ordering the Chinese troops at Huai-Lu to immediately remove outside the great wall. These Chinese troops are understood to be the force which a German and a French expedition were preparing to attack. Huai-Lu is southwest of Pao-Ting-Fu. The Chinese occupied a position within the limits of the territory which the military representatives of the powers had decreed as being under their

LONDON, April 19 .- A dispatch from Paris says that in consequence of the imperial decree ordering the Chinese troops to leave the territory considered under the protection of the allied forces, the Franco-German expedition has been abandoned. France will shortly withdraw 10,000 troops

EN ROUTE TO THE PASSES.

fore the Decree Was Received.

NEW YORK, April 19 .- A dispatch to the ALL EUROPE MAY UNITE | Herald from Peking says: "General Loessel, commanding the German troops in China, has started for Pao-Ting-Fu with one thousand additional men. He was accompanled by the French commander, General Bailloud. The Franco-German forces available for the expedition number eight thousand men. The greatest secrecy is maintained as to the object of these military preparations, but it is believed that it is proposed to take possession of another of the Anso-Ling passes into Shan-Si, where Chinese troops are reported. Members of the diplomatic corps, without exception, are mystified and manifest considerable apprehension at this revival of military activ-

ity. Viceroy Li Hung Chang sent a courier to General Lu, commanding the troops in the Shan-Si passes, and calling upon him to avoid a meeting, if necessary, by retiring from his position, which is incontestably Chinese; but the vicercy is not confident that the general will obey orders unless sanction comes from Si-Ngan-Fu, which he is endeavoring to secure. There peace, said: "This fact would, perhaps, lead is, apparently, no military or political reason for this advance."

TO ATTACK GEN. LIU.

The Spectator does not consider this the German Force Started on April 17 for the Mountain Passes.

BERLIN, April 19 .- A dispatch to the the garrison at Pao-Ting-Fu, marched. April 17, under the command of Generals Von Loessel and Ketteler, to the Huai-Lu passes, in order to attack the Chinese

It was asserted by a high German official to-day that the German government did not expect the expedition against Gen. Liu to lead to an engagement, inasmuch as he will hardly stand his ground. The ex-A military contributor to the Berliner Tageblatt expresses the same pointing out that in this instance, as ir the case of the Pao-Ting-Fu expedition months ago, premature publications by the British and American press will enable the Chinese general, "who profits by the excellent news-purveying system of the Chinese, fed by every Chinese diplomat abroad," to retire beyond the reach of the allied expedition before its arrival. This writer asserts that "such premature pubtne cause of the allies in China on various

Chaffee Offers Sympathy. PEKING, April 19.-General Chaffee called upon Field Marshal Von Waldersee and expressed his deep sympathy with the latter in the death of General Schwartzkopf and the destruction of the German headquarters by fire. General Chaffee offered to aid Field Marshal Von Waldersee in any way possible. The field marshal is in Schwartzkopf have been recovered and his funeral will be held to-morrow. Gen. Chaffee, with officers of his staff and a funeral in behalf of the United States. Other foreign powers here will also render

similar honors. No Guns for Americans.

WASHINGTON, April 19 .- An order of Count Von Waldersee, commanding the international forces in China, distributing the guns captured at Shan-Hai-Kwan, was made public at the War Department today. As the American forces did not participate in the movement against this place none of the guns is awarded to the United Germany, 2 twelve-centimeter and 3 twenty staff officers who were with the Chatham National Bank, in trust for one-centimeter Krupp; Italy, 2 eight-centimeter and 4 nine-centimeter Krupp and 1 fifteen-centimeter Armstrong; Russia, 2

twelve-centimeter and 3 twenty-one-centimeter Krupp.

French Indemnity Claims.

PARIS, April 19 .- The officials of the French Foreign Office say that the French claim for indemnity amounts to 200,000,000 An official dispatch from Peking says that Lieutenant Colonel Marchand was the first

to render help at the fire which destroyed the headquarters of Field Marshal Von Waldersee, thus confirming previous dis- Adopted the Proposition of patches on the same subject. He directed the operations to extinguish the conflagration.

Japan to Reform China.

LONDON, April 20. - "There are very strong indications," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post, "that the Japanese government proposes to put itself at the head of the reform movement in China in order to overthrow the Manchu dynasty, which it considers bound hand and foot by Russia."

VERA GELO ACQUITTED

RUSSIAN GIRL WHO TRIED TO KILL EMILE DESCHANEL.

Strange Case at Paris-Another Girl Took the Bullet Intended for the Professor.

taken here in the trial of Vera Gelo. the Russian girl student who was charged with trying to assassinate Prof. Emile Deschanel, the aged senator and father of the president of the Chamber of Deputies, on Jan. 9, by firing a revolver at him just as he concluded a lecture on French literature at the College of France. She was acquitted to-day. The interest in the case was heightened by the fact that Zelenine, the Russian girl friend of Vera Gelo who intervened between the latter and Professor Deschanel at the time and received a bullet in her chest and died in the hospital after lingering some time in agony. Professor Deschanel frequently visited the wounded girl at the hospital and daily sent her bouquets of flowers up to the time of her death Gelo's obstinate silence as to the nature of he thinks the opposition to the coal tax is REWARDS FOR OFFICERS A strange feature of the case was Vera | mentary letter for the Daily News, says the outrage she claims was inflicted on her | so fierce that the government will abandon at Geneva by a man she thought was Pro- it. A committee of the Cobden Club met fessor Deschanel. She suffers from hys- to-night and resolved to open against the teria, and medical men believe she is the sugar and coal taxes. victim of hallucinations. The nervous twitchings of her face as she sat in the dock to-day revealed her anguish. A docjudge spoke of Zelinine.

Students Shoot at a Bishop. BERLIN, April 19 .- A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the students of the great Kaluga Seminary, near Moscow, indulged in a series of excesses which culminated in shooting at the Bishop of Kaluga and the were hit. Fifteen students were arrested.

BINDER TWINE BUSINESS

IT HAS BEEN PROFITLESS FOR MORE THAN A YEAR.

Pittsburg as a Center of Industry and Prosperity-Factors in the World's Industrial Progress.

WASHINGTON, April 19.-Senator Kyle president of the industrial commission, sat with the commission to-day for the first time since the adjournment of Congress. Joseph G. Taylor, secretary of the Standard Rope and Twine Company, testified that the war with Spain had had a great effect on the manufacture of binder twine. Before that time 40 per cent, of the material going into such twine was, he said, Manila hemp, but after the war started Cologne Gazette from Peking, dated April | not more than 5 per cent, of it was of that , says that three companies of the second | material. He declared that there is not a east Asiatic regiment, commanded by rope or twine manufacturer in the United Major Muchlenfels, and all but 400 men of States who has made a cent in such manuever money they had made in that time had resulted from speculation in hemp Mr. Taylor did not consider further economies in the manufacture of rope possible The afternoon sitting of the commission was devoted to hearing a statement from Mr. James H. Anderson, of the Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Anderson estimated that within a radius of sixty miles from Pittsburg there are 150,000 men employed in various industrial plants and that in that area there is capital employed to the extent of \$2,000,000,000, giving that section "a career of prosperity on industrial lines unequaled in the world's his

This career, Mr. Anderson said, had begun upon the advent of the first railroad in 1852. He argued that the railroads are the greatest factor in the world's progress but said that water transportation also should be encouraged. "What we want." he said, "is cheap transportation and no cheap labor. The great factors of settlement of labor difficulties are conciliation, arbitration and mutual forbearance."

SHOT INSTEAD OF BULLETS

Ohio Mili:ta to Be Served with New Kind of Cartridges.

COLUMBUS, O., April 19.-Adjutant General Gyger has decided to supply the Ohio militia with cartridges loaded with shot. show that the center shot go straight to the mark, while those in the circle scatter. sonably effective at short range, and will not kill innocent people at a great dis tance from the rioting, as is universally the case where cartridges loaded with balls

BANK EMPLOYE ARRESTED.

Bookkeeper Charged by the Examiner with Embezzling \$25,000.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 19.-A. J. Schroth, a bookkeeper in the First Nationrested late last night by United States Marshal Leonard, charged with the emhezzlement of \$35,000 of the bank's funds. He was released later on, furnishing bail n the sum of \$10,000. The alleged discovery was made by Bank Examiner Slack. dition and will not be affected. It has a capital stock of \$100,000 and undivided profits and surplus of \$306,000.

BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS ACTED WITHOUT DELAY.

Michael Hicks-Beach to Issue \$300,060,000 of Consols.

PRICE MAY BE FIXED AT 94 1-2

PREMIUMS ALREADY OFFERED IN ANTICIPATION OF THE LOAN.

Coal Mine Owners in Arms Against the Proposed Duty on Exports of Their Product.

FLURRY IN THE SUGAR MARKET

PRICES ARE BOOMING, IN VIEW OF tions." THE COMING TARIFF.

PARIS, April 19. - Great interest was Official Announcement that Only Home - Grown Beef Will Be Served to "Tommy Atkins."

> exchequer, to issue a loan of \$300,000,000 in Milford McElroy, a well-to-do farmer, who Replying to a deputation of members of came home to-day he explained that the House of Commons, representing the had remained away so long because h coal interests, to-night, Sir Michael Hicks- had learned that she was married again result in the formation of the International Beach consented to an arrangement enab- and did not desire to cause her trouble, tracts, preceding a uecision as to what by Mrs. McElroy and a reunion will re amount of duties would be refunded.

Henry Mason, who writes the parlia-

It is announced that a tax of 15 per cent. an ounce will be levied on saccharine. Answering a question in the House the tor who sat beside her administered ether. financial secretary of the War Office, Lord The prisoner burst out sobbing when the Stanley, confirmed the report that all the contracts now made excluded the supplying of foreign meats in the case of all troops in the United Kingdom.

At a meeting of the Irish Cattle Traders' Association in Dublin to-day the secretary of the association announced he had ascertained on good authority that the War Office had decided that in future troops rector of the seminary, neither of whom | stationed in Ireland should be supplied with Irish meat only, instead of foreign, thus removing a substantial Irish griev-

> The under secretary of the Foreign Office, Lord Cranborne, replying to the questioner, said that the Russian flag still flew over the custom house at Neiu-Chwang, and customs were collected by a Chinese staff, turned over to the Russian authorities and held by them in trust, subject to future settlement.

COMMENTS ON THE BUDGET. Taken as a whole, the comments of the country on the proposals of the chancellor of the exchequer in the budget statement, presented yesterday, cannot be regarded as unfavorable. The outstanding feature of will go far to reconcile the coal trade gen- been holding the acting ranks to which erally to the new imposition. In the mean- they are now appointed.

competition in iron and steel. The grocers advanced sugar a half-penny per pound, this morning, in London, Britjumped 2 shillings to 2 shillings and 6 pence a hundredweight.

and preserve makers advanced prices four shillings and six pence and two shillings and six pence per hundred weight, respectively. The Scotch sugar refiners have put on three shillings to four shillings, and have abolished discounts. There was practically no business to-day on the Greenock Sugar Exchange, owing to the extensive buying prior to the budget announcements. The president of the Refiners' Association expresses the opinion that the tax will work out beneficially.

DISPUTE AS TO PAYMENT. A steamer with a cargo of continental sugar arrived at Greenock last evening, after the custom house was closed, and was refused permission to unload. The duty on her cargo amounts to £2,000. The importers claim that the duty on sugar had not been imposed when the steamer arrived, and therefore they will contest payment of the duty.

The budget had little general effect on the Stock Exchange, apart from weaken- Capt. Garnett Ripley's Case in the ing consols. This premier security opened half a point lower at 94%, but later recovered somewhat. The price to-day is the lowest since 1892. Business became brisk, and the market indulged in a game are called out for riot duty. The shot are of ping-pong with consols for balls. There is reason to believe that the best financial gests that the issue price will be 9416, and

> The export coal business at Cardiff docks was at a standstill to-day. Merchants refused to ship and take the responsibility repudiate any liability. The Scotch ex-

of the people. The Dublin Independent re- o'clock.

marks: "The imperial tax gatherer will DIC thereby be enabled to draw out of Ireland an additional half million for the South African war, which, as a nation, we have emphatically condemned."

COMMENTS OF GERMANS.

How Editors View the British Money-Raising Scheme.

BERLIN, April 19 .- The budget of Sir Michael Hicks Beach attracts immense attention in Germany. "The sugar taxes | An International Company to Erect are particularly interesting to Germany,' says the National Zeitung, "but the sugar plan of Sir Hicks-Beach seems to be a pure finance measure without a protective dodge involved."

The Vossische Zeitung, which severely criticises England's newest budget, says: "It is a palpable proof of how ruinous the South African war has proved. The most astonishing step the British government has taken is the export duty on coal, which surely will hit England hard."

The Boersen Courier says: "These new tax and revenue measures mean a wide departure from the commercial principles hitherto followed in England. In themselves they contain the sharpest condem-

nation of the imperialistic policy." The Berliner Neueste Nachrichten says "Now apparently has arrived the psycological moment when the English people must decide whether to continue the old South African course or act upon the riper judgment that the South African business is based wholly upon erroneous supposi-

MISSOURI ENOCH ARDEN.

This Man Remained Away Until His Wife's Husband Died.

HANNIBAL, Mo., April 19.-Abner Knight, a resident of this city, who disappeared nineteen years ago, leaving a LONDON, April 19 .- The proposition of wife and several children, returned home Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the to-day. He found his wife the widow of consols, was adopted by the House of died a year or two ago. Mrs. McElroy had Commons, to-night, by a vote of 186 to 117. | thought her first husband dead. When he ling the coal exporters to execute con- Whether this explanation will be accepted sult remains to be seen.

ED AND DECORATED.

Long List of Well-Known Men Hon- the recently formed steel combination in ored by King Edward-Alleged Injustice to Buller.

accorded promotions and honors for their projects like this takes much time. Howservice in South Africa prior to Nov. 29, ever, we are so far advanced that part of 1900, when Lord Roberts gave up the com- the mill will be running inside of six mand of the British forces in South Africa, | months and the entire plant within a year fills sixteen pages of the Gazette. Lord and a half. Then we shall employ ten thou-Kitchener, General Buller, General For- sand men, at least. It is our intention to estier-Walker and General White are have mills on both sides of the Sault river, made knights of the Grand Cross of St. in the United States and Canada. We have Michael and St. George. General Kelly- the advantage of the latest patents and Kenny, General Sir Archibald Hunter, Gen- much of our best machinery has been oreral Kitchener (a brother of Lord Kitchener) and General Lyttleton are made lieutenant generals. General Pole-Carew, General French, General Ian Hamilton, General Charles E. Knox, General Sir William Nicholson, General Arthur S. Wynne, General Charles W. H. Douglass, General the public's reception of the budget is the Smith-Dorrien, General F. W. Kitchener, Power Canal will make a great saving in outcry of the coal districts, and, in a lesser | the Earl of Dundonald, General Arthur | the cost of product and we will also save degree, from the business affected by the Paget and General Bruce Hamilton are sugar tax. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, in the made major generals. Colonel Robert G. by water is very short. For this we will House of Commons, to-day, however, con- Broadwood and Lieutenant Colonels Her- build all our own docks and unloading firmed the report that he was considering | bert Plumer and Thomas Pilcher are among | derricks and apparatus for the speedy and exempting from duty all coal contracts | those created extra aids-de-camp to King | economical handling of the ore." made prior to April 18. This, it is believed, Edward. The officers thus promoted have

while, however, the opposition of the coal Among the Knights Commander of the meeting of the stockholders of the Pennowners is augmenting hourly. The Cham- Bath are Rear Admiral Clarke, Lord sylvania Iron Works Company was held bers of Commerce in the coal districts are Methuen, Lieut. Gen. Charles Tucker, Gen- to-day and the proposition to amalgamate protesting in vigorous terms. The Cardiff eral Pole-Carew, Col. W. G. Knox, Brig. with four of the largest stationary-engine exporters scent ruin and their markets be- | Gen. Hector Macdonald, General French, | manufacturing companies in the country ing captured by American and German Major General Hildyard, Gen. Ian Hamil- was accepted. The big combination, it is coal. The manufacturers, on the other ton, Gen. Charles E. Knox and Brigadier said, will be launched in a few weeks, with hand, flatter themselves that the effect of General Brabant. Among the Companions a capital of \$25,000,000. Although the Philaof the Bath are General Baden-Powell, | delphia concern is capitalized at \$5,000,000 Lieutenant Colonel Broadwood, Lieutenant | only \$1,000,000 in 7 per cent, cumulative pre-Colonel Kekewich and Lieut. Col. Thomas | ferred stock of the company was offered for Pilcher. Among those appointed knights its plant and fixed assets About twenty ish refined sugars were very strong and of the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. stockholders, representing nearly all of the George are also Lieut. Gen. Sir Francis | capital stock, were present at the meeting Clery, Lieutenant General Rundle, Major and some of them objected to the price of-The Scotch manufacturing confectioners | General Pretyman, Surgeon General Wil- fered, declaring that it was less than the son and Lieutenant General Gouard.

> Cross of the Bath. Gen. Hector Macdonald has been appointed to an important command on the Afghan

The Daily Express, in the course of an | the appraised value of their properties. editorial on the military honors and promo tions, complains that Sir Redvers Buller has been treated with marked injustice, adding: "It is said that Lord Roberts strove hard to secure more proper recognition for him, but Mr. Brodrick resolutely refused to admit that General Buller had

gratification at the ample share awarded to the colonials in the military honors.

WITH THE JURY.

Hands of the Democratic Panel.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 19.-The case of Capt. Garnett D. Ripley, the Henry county ex-militia officer, charged with becircles approve of borrowing on consols. Goebel assassination, is now with the jury, lowed by Prosecuting Attorney Franklin this afternoon. The crowd in attendance Buffalo during the closing arguments taxed the capacity of the large courtroom to its full

Mr. O'Neal, for the defense, argued that of the new tax, while the colliery owners | Ripley's greatest crime was talking too much, and that by trying to make himself porters of coal are of opinion that the overimportant he had put himself under United States are bound to capture the suspicion, but that when the evidence was West Indian coal market. The shipowners | sifted there was nothing connecting him of Glasgow anticipate that a portion of the with the conspiracy even remotely. Frank- to-day reached 2,193,900 shares, which is The comments of the afternoon news- that the defendant arrived here on Jan. 7 of this year the day's record more acute irritation will soon pass over, here on Jan. 29 at the time Powers gave | 1,900,000 shares. Up to a recent period some tax feature of the budget, and they think office. Judge Cantrill ordered the jury to Mr. Slack says the bank is in excellent con- the sugar duty will press specially hard not consider the case to-night, but to take the trading no attempt is made to keep on Ireland, owing to the general poverty it up in the jury room to-morrow at 9 count of any but one-hundred-share lots

PLANT THAT WILL RIVAL ANY IN THE GREAT STEEL TRUST.

Mills at the Soo and Employ About Ten Thousand Men.

CAPITALIZED AT \$50,000,000

CLOSE TO ORE MINES AND WILL UTILIZE SOO CANAL POWER.

All Clearing House Records Broken This Week with a Total of \$3,047,934,602.

NEW YORK'S GAIN 100 PER CENT.

DUN AND BRADSTREET ON GENERAL TRADE CONDITIONS.

Interesting Batch of Items Concern-

ing New Enterprises and "Com-

bines"-Labor Notes.

DETROIT, Mich., April 19 .- After an allday conference with contractors at the Russell House here A. R. Hervey, president of the Commercial Development Corporation Company, of Liverpool, London and New York, closed a deal to-day which will Steel, Iron and Pipe Company, which will locate immense steel mills at Sault Ste. Marie on both the Canadian and United States sides of the canal, with a capacity of 600,000 tons annually and employing about 10,000 men. The Consolidated Lake Superior Power Company, of which Mr. Clergue is vice president, it is understood, will take a large block of \$50,000,000 stock of the new company. As an outcome of the establish-MANY BRITISH FIGHTERS PROMOT- ing of the steel works at the Soo it is said that a blast furnace will be established in Detroit with a capacity of 1,000 tons of pig iron per day, employing 1,000 men. It was intimated by those interested that the new company would be an active competitor of

the United States. The financing of the project is in the hands of Mr. Harvey, who has enlisted American, English and Canadian capital of the desired amount. When asked how soon it was expected to have the plant in oper-LONDON, April 19 .- The list of officers ation Mr. Harvey said: "Well, enormous dered and is either building or ready for shipment to England. We will have the most complete plant in the world, and from the ore which comes to us from the Lake Superior mines we will turn out castings, rails, structural and bridge iron and everything furnished and ready for use. The power which we will get from the Soo materially in shipping the ore, as the haul

Stationary Engine Trust.

PHILADELPHIA, April 19. - A special plant was appraised to be worth. It was Lieutenant Generals Brackenbury and explained by way of answer that the other Clarke are appointed knights of the Grand | four companies-the E. P. Allis Company of Milwaukee, Frazer & Chalmers of Chicago, Gates iron works of Chicago and Dickson Manufacturing Company of Scranton, Pa .- were also to be given less than

> ENORMOUS VOLUME OF CLEARINGS. Table of Figures Shows Huge Gains

for the Past Week. NEW YORK, April 19.-The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at the principal cities for All the morning papers express great the week ended April 18, with the percentages of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last

Cities. Clearings. Inc. \$2,230,505,886 100.**5** Boston 46,443,672 25, 396, 355 19,391,250 12.918.180 9,729,129 130.900 4,337,461 6, 148, 454 6.315,493 7,575,943 ndianapolis 6,603 300 Columbus, O 1,083,795

Totals, United States \$3,047,934,602 76.6 Totals outside New York. \$817,428,716 33.0

Enormous Securities Sales.

NEW YORK, April 19.-The aggregate sales of securities on the Stock Exchange the largest single day's business on record. reached 2,127,500 shares, and on several days since have amounted to from 1,800,000 to over record was kept of sales of what are called "odd lots," but since the great activity in or upward. There is no actual registration